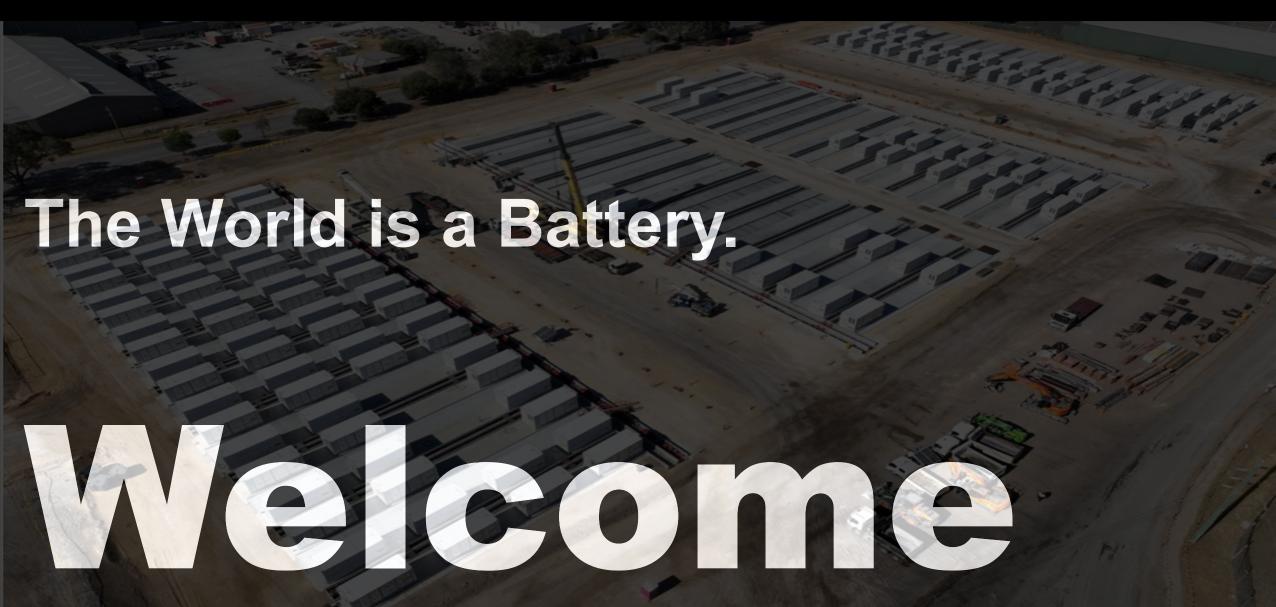
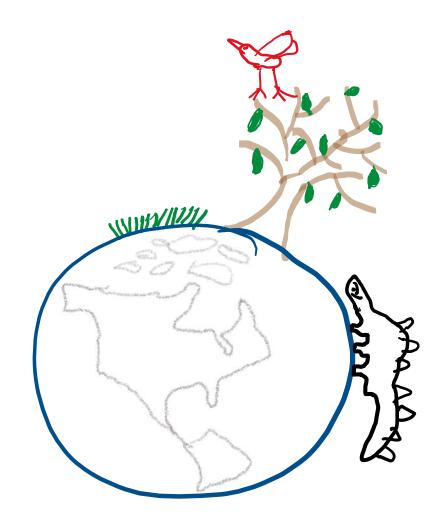


→ Tej Gidda

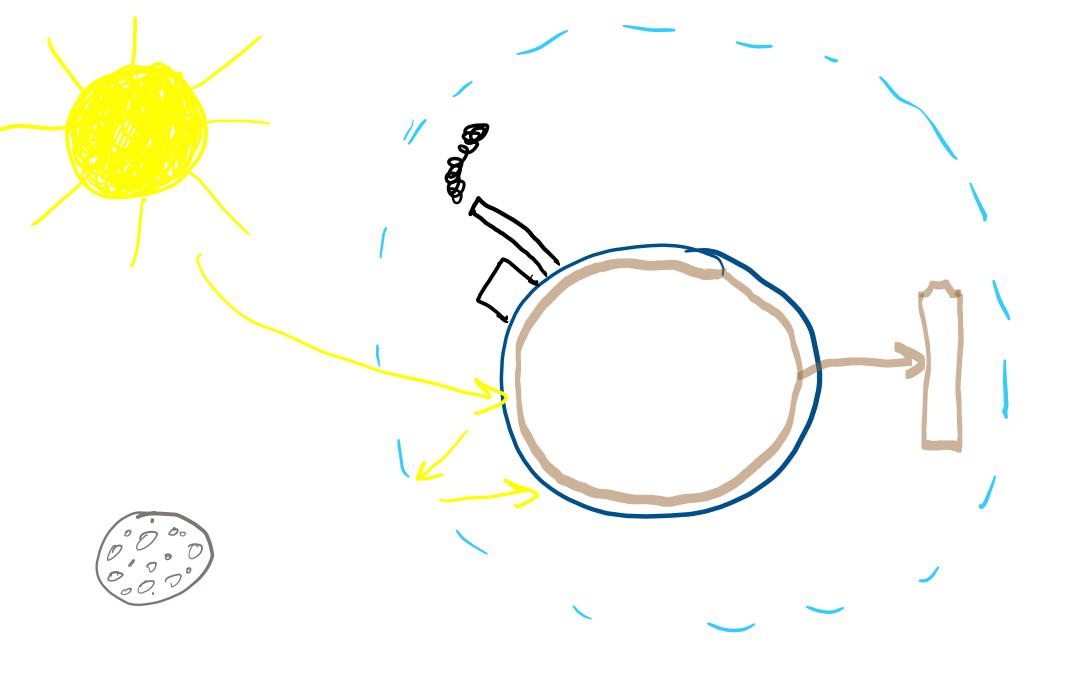
Global Leader – Future Energy



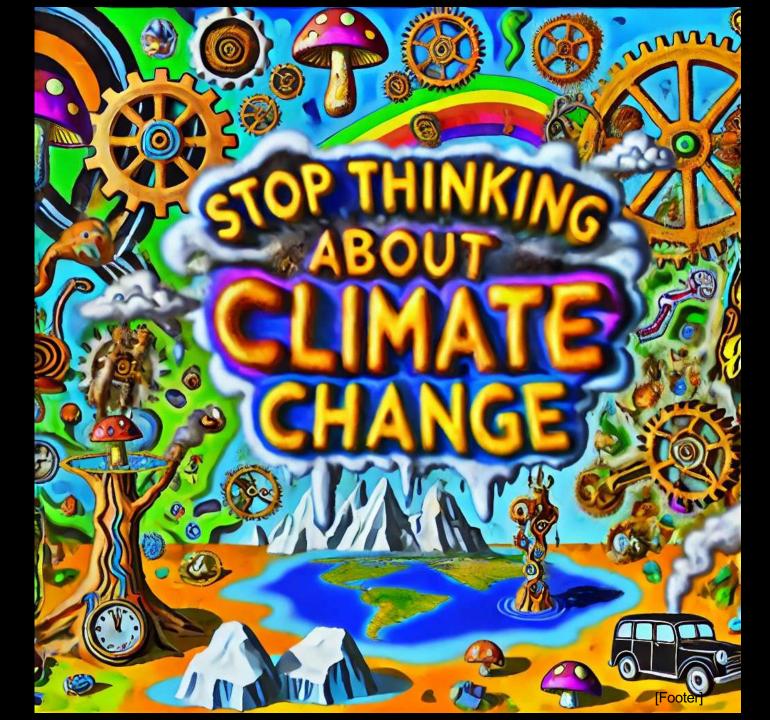










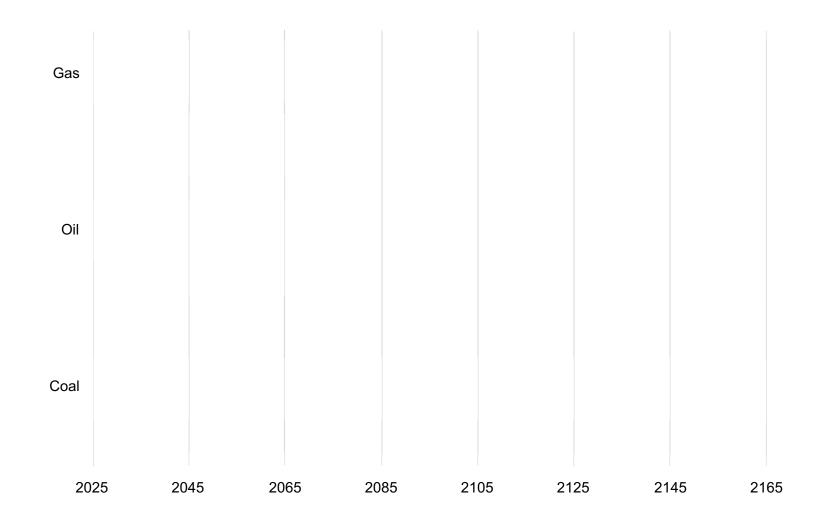




# Why energy transition?

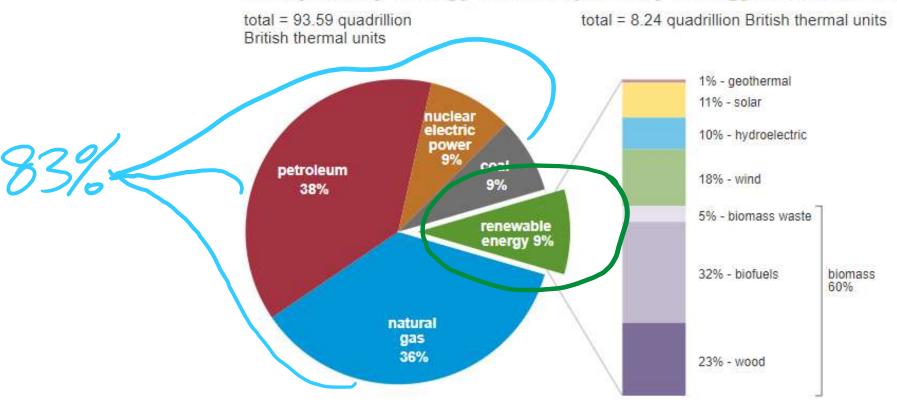


## **Our Shared Battery**



### The US Alone...

### U.S. primary energy consumption by energy source, 2023



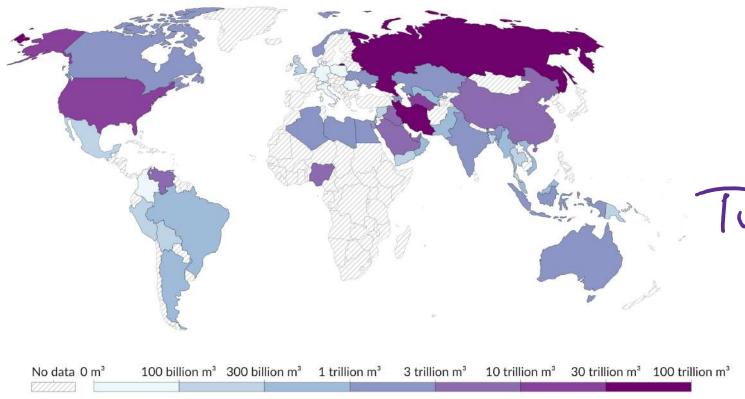
Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 1.3 and 10.1, April 2024, preliminary data

Note: Sum of components may not equal 100% because of independent rounding.

#### Gas reserves, 2020

Our World in Data

Proved reserves, measured in cubic meters, are generally those quantities that can be recovered in the future from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions, according to geological and engineering information.

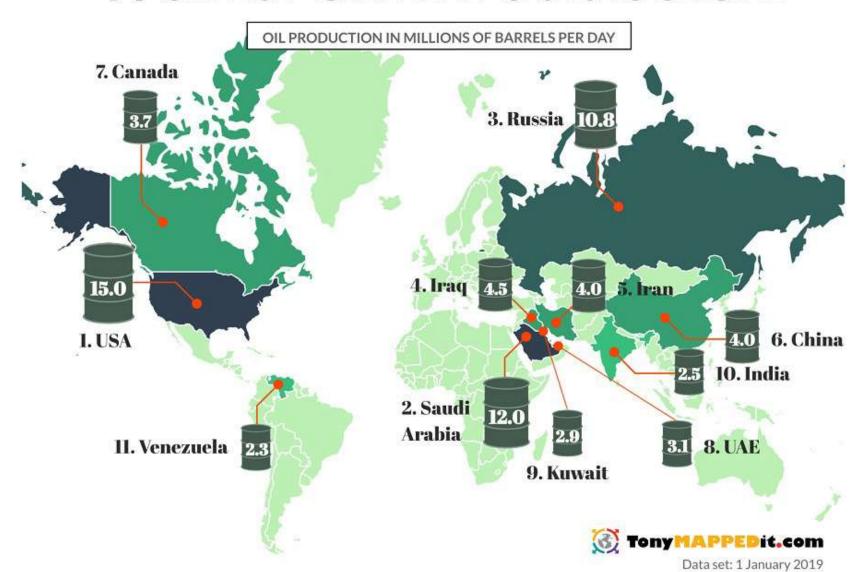


Russia-37 Tnm3 Iran - 32 Tnon3 Qatar - 25 Tn m3 Turkmenistan-13 Tmm3 China-8 Tn m3

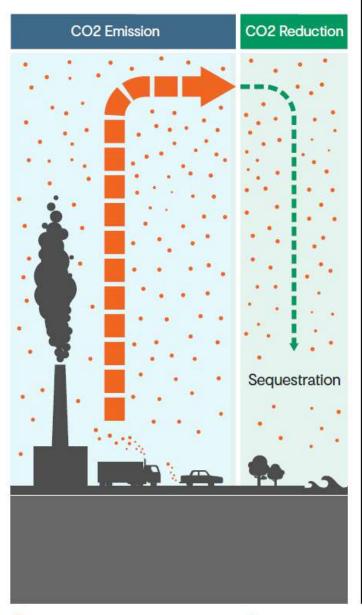
Data source: Energy Institute - Statistical Review of World Energy (2024)

OurWorldInData.org/fossil-fuels | CC BY

# **World Oil Production**

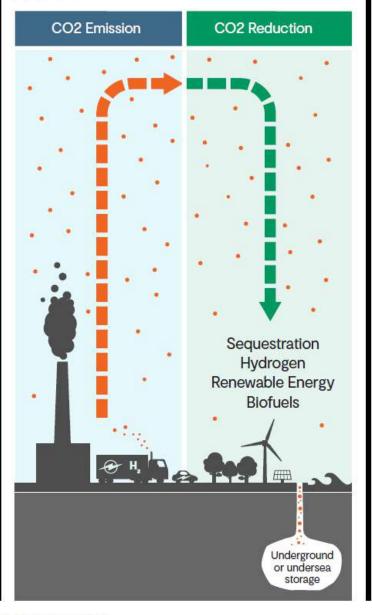


**Our Past** Net accumulation of CO2 in atmosphere



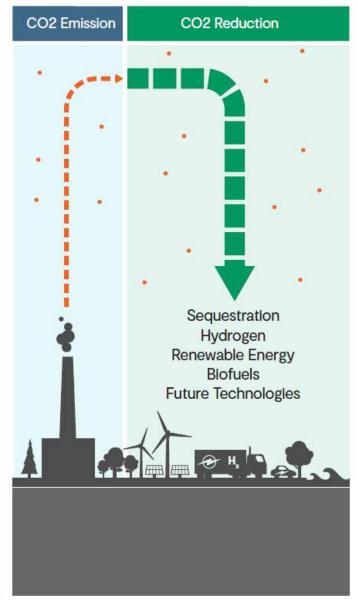
**Net-Zero** 2050

Balanced emissions and CO2 removal from atmosphere



**Future** 2050+

Net negative CO2 removal and carbon healing

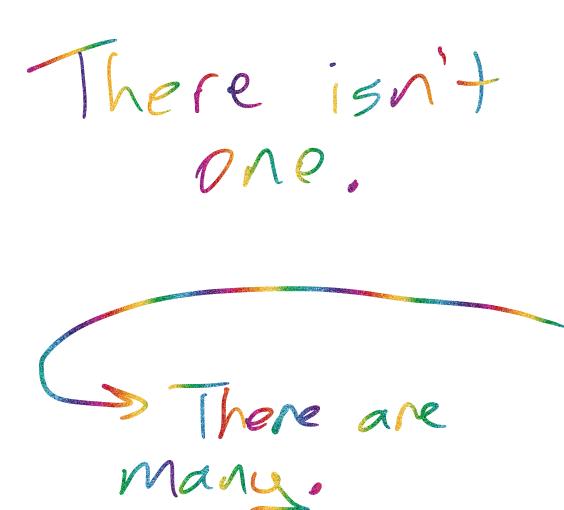


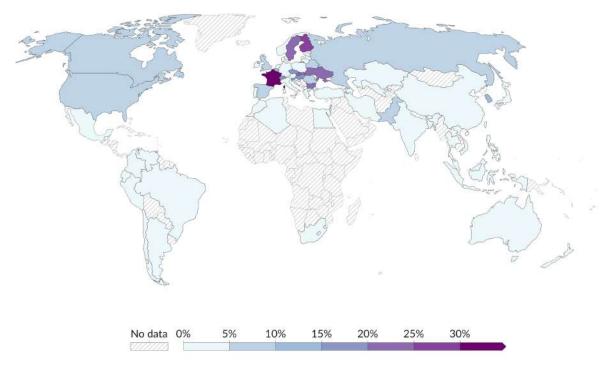
### The magic answer must be...

#### Share of primary energy consumption from nuclear, 2023

Measured as a percentage of primary energy<sup>1</sup> using the substitution method<sup>2</sup>.







Data source: Energy Institute - Statistical Review of World Energy (2024)

OurWorldInData.org/energy | CC BY

<sup>1.</sup> Primary energy: Primary energy is the energy available as resources – such as the fuels burnt in power plants – before it has been transformed. This relates to the coal before it has been burned, the uranium, or the barrels of oil. Primary energy includes energy that the end user needs, in the form of electricity, transport and heating, plus inefficiencies and energy that is lost when raw resources are transformed into a usable form. You can read more on the different ways of measuring energy in our article.

<sup>2.</sup> Substitution method: The 'substitution method' is used by researchers to correct primary energy consumption for efficiency losses experienced by fossil fuels. It tries to adjust non-fossil energy sources to the inputs that would be needed if it was generated from fossil fuels. It assumes that wind and solar electricity is as inefficient as coal or gas. To do this, energy generation from non-fossil sources are divided by a standard 'thermal efficiency factor' – typically around 0.4 Nuclear power is also adjusted despite it also experiencing thermal losses in a power plant. Since it's reported in terms of electricity output, we need to do this adjustment to calculate its equivalent input value. You can read more about this adjustment in our article.

More batteries... 1.5 Bn vehicles globally 8 kg Li/electric vehicle
= 12 M tomes Li Grobal reserves = 21 M tonnes Li o o develop new battery tech

### The One Single Biggest Problem...

We can't afford this.

Some communities and countries more than others. Seek a just transition.

But we also can't afford not to do it - there's no choice left, because ...

#### Years of fossil fuel reserves left, 2020



Years of global coal, oil and natural gas left, reported as the reserves-to-product (R/P) ratio which measures the number of years of production left based on known reserves and present annual production levels. Note that these values can change with time based on the discovery of new reserves, and changes in annual production.



Data source: Energy Institute - Statistical Review of World Energy (2024)

OurWorldInData.org/fossil-fuels | CC BY